FIGHTS MANILA OVER AGAIN.

COGHLAN TELLS FOUNDERS AND PATRIOTS OF DEWEY'S VICTORY.

The Spaniards Weren't Cowards, but They Weren't Prepared and Didn't Know How to Use What They Had-Our Fleet's Withdrawal Wasn't for Breakfast.

The General Court of the Order of the Founders and Patriots of America and their wives and daughters dined at the Hotel Astor last night to celebrate the 298th annizersary of the founding of the Jamestown Colony. Admiral Dewey, just reelected governor-general of the order, was to have given the main address of the evening. His illness kept him away, however, and in his place Rear Admiral Joseph B. Coghlan told his own story of the battle of Manila

"Hoch der Kaiser! You may fire when ready, Coghlan!" shouted a voice from the audience as he rose.

"Thank you," s id the Admiral. "I suppose I must begin by referring to the ladies. Everything good in the world is instigated by women. I have a friend who tried once to make me believe that the only reason why the Declaration of Independence wasn't written by a woman was the fact that Jefferson had no typewriter. My friend is very enthusiastic over the ladies. He calls them angels.

'Angels recalls a story which isn't more than 1,000 years old. A little girl asked if there weren't any male angels; said she never saw any with beards on. Her mother said no, men only got into heaven by a close shave.

"About Manila Bay. When we started from Hongkong we knew that, if reliance is ever to be placed in human evidence, we had a big job. We thought that with the ships and fortifications we had to go against it would take a much greater fleet than ours to gain a complete victory. We got along without more iron clad ships through the iron clad grit of our Admiral. He was the moving spirit of us all. In our councils he always saw the proper thing and acted on it.

Our orders were to keep the Spanish vessels from leaving Oriental waters. We kept them effectively-too effectively. We might have raised and used some of those

"The Spanish knew that we were coming. We expected that they would meet us in the mouth of the harbor. We learned later that the Spanish commander had put back into the inner bay, expecting that the guns of the fortifications would camage us and he could then finish us off. He thought he stood a better chance that way. It was a fine spirit to begin a fight in.

"So we passed the entrance, expecting a

"So we passed the entrance, expecting a big fight every moment, and got only two or three shots from the shore batteries. Once past the harbor mouth, we intended to drift in toward the city, get breakfast, and then have a fair, stand-up fight. It was a fine, tropic night. No one slept. Every ripple on that silver water was a torpedo boat to us.
"It is a pity from the Spanish point of

Every ripple on that silver water was a torpedo boat to us.

"It is a pity from the Spanish point of view that their Admiral ever allowed us to get into the inner bay when he might have met us under his fortifications. He could have drawn us onto his mine fieldsfor Americans are the greatest geese in the world about fighting. They rush right in. This was the only chance, as we learned afterward, that they ever had.

"All at once, with tropic suddenness, it became day. To our surprise and disappointment, there was not a Spanish vessel in sight. I, for one, thought how they might scatter and keep us chasing through those islands for months, and we were out of coal, like other fleets in the Orient just now.

orient just now.

"Suddenly the guns in the harbor opened.
Had we answered them we'd have shot into the walled city, where Spanish families lived. Although no orders were given. lived. Although no orders were given, every commander held his fire for that

"Then away to the right, in Cavite Bay, we heard the boom of a gun. We looked. It was the Spanish fleet. There was our

meat.

"As we approached them in line of battle, we could see that they were taken by surprise. They didn't expect us to attack so early in the morning. The Admiral gave his celebrated order to Gridley, and he opened fire. We circled and passed them four times. them four times.

"The first round they were hard to hit,

"The first round they were hard to hit, bec use it was hard to judge our distance. There were no peaks ashore to got the angle on, and the early sunlight was confusing. So the execution was not great. The exound time, we could see that our fire was doing damage. On the third round not a vessel in the Spanish fleet was able to do any firing. do env firing.

"It is a great mistake to think the Spaniards were cowardly. They tried to do the best they could. On the flagship only 130 men were left unburt of a comple only 130 men were left under to a compe-ment of 403. They stood by and fought to the last. But they weren't prepared. Preparedness—that's why I say Admiral Dewey's life is worth a whole library of

"We sunk two small craft. One was torned a boat. The other was a steam launch torpedo boat. The other was a steam launch. In that launch some Chinese were accustomed to cross the bay every morning to do their marketing. They had orders to do it, and, being Chinamen, they did it that morning, battle or no battle. When we saw a little boat dart out of the smoke at us we took it for a torpedo boat, of course, and sunk the poor thing.

"On the fourth round there wasn't a thing Spanish to be seen affact.

"Ther, to our great surprise, the signal to stop action was displayed. We withdrew. It turned out that a mistake had been made in the amount of ammunition in the fleet, and the Admiral withdrew us to save it. At the time the whereabouts of Cervera and Camara were unknown, and we needed ammunition if we were to meet

them.
'Taking advantage of the lull, breakfast was ordered for most of the ships' crews. This gave rise to the celebrated story that we withdrew for breakfast. No one wanted breakfast that day. I remember that it myself didn't have even a cup of coffee until 3 o'clock in the afternoon

until 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

"Those Spaniards were good men, brave men. They had good guns and good powder. Yet they didn't know how to use them. All the time they had been shooting clear over us. When we looked over the wrecks we found some guns with their muzzles elevated and fixed for a range of 9,000 yards—and our greatest distance during the battle was 3,500 yards.

"Of all the criticisms of the battle I've heard, this one comes nearest to explaining it. I think: The Spaniards were brave, but they fought in a frenzied manner; our men

it, I think: The Spaniards were brave, but they fought in a frenzied manner; our men were as cool as cool could be. You've heard tales about our men cheering as they fired. I never heard a single cheer until late that afternoon. I have a sketch of the action, made on shore by a Spanish army officer. It shows our fleet riding as though on parade, and the Spanish going in every direction. That is exactly the picture of the battle which I carry in my memmory.

The results of that morning's work were

"The results of that morning's work were far reaching. From that battle we got saddled on us the Philippines, which, I hope, we keep as long as any of us live. The only reason why we shouldn't was given to me by a disappointed office-seeker from Indiana.

"We can't afford it," said he, "Pcoh!" said I. 'We can't," said he, "There are 1.400 islands. That means 1.400 governors.'

'That depends on how you bunch 'em,' said I. 'Well,' said he, 'depend upon it there'll be all of 1.400. That means 1.400 governors, 1.400 marshals, six times 1.400 deputy mar-

be all of 1,400. That means 1,400 governors, 1,400 marshals, six times 1,400 deputy marshals, besides lots of judges and things. Why, Ohio will be depopulated!

'In the height of the action I heard music. I supposed it came from the Spanish ships, and it struck me as a fire thing that these men, being slaughtered like pigs in a pen, kept their band playing. I asked the other officers about it. They all swore they didn't hear it. But I'd catch it now and then in the intervals of the firing.

I asked my orderly about it. He hadn't WHICH WAY GOVERNOR JUMPS

"I began to wonder if anything was the matter with me—and I hadn't had a drink for years. Finally, I put it straight to the orderly, and he answered 'no sir' in a way that showed be didn't mean it.

"Tell the truth," said I. Then he owned up. It was the relief in the powder room below. Having nothing to do at the time, they had made up a string band and were playing. A Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight' in the thick of that battle."

When the dinner was planned several months ago the late Gen. Fitzhugh Lee was set down to respond to the toast "James-

set down to respond to the toast "James-town." Theodore Fitch, who presided, re-called this fact, and proposed a silent toast.

which was drunk standing, to his memory. Edward Hagaman Hall took his place In his preliminary sparring Mr. Hall re Triggs of Chicage-you know Triggs,

"Triggs of Chicage—you know Triggs, that eminent expositor of Shakespeare. At least, you all know him if you read the New York Sun last week."

Also: "The founders of Carthage got as much property as she could surround with a hide cut into strips. Well, a Hyde, as we know, even when not cut into strips, can surround a good deal of wealth.

"With a feeling like that with which one turns back to the Old Homestead, every true American turns back to Jamestown, the Old Homestead of this country. It was a little Anglo-Saxon wedge driven between the Spanish settlements of Florida. between the Spanish settlements of Florida and the French colonies of Canada. Next to the discovery of America, the founding of that little colony was the greatest event n our history."

Eben E. Olcott spoke of the discovery of

he Hudson.

Mrs. Dewey's name was not on the printed table-lists of guests. The officers of the society explained that an invitation was sent to Admiral and Mrs. Dewey, but that the Admiral wrote several days ago saying that his wife could not be present.

REPUBLICANS FOR M'CLELLAN. Charles Stewart Smith, for Instance, and Others Not Hard to Find.

Not only Democrats but Republicans of prominence are coming out in favor of the renomination of Mayor McClellan. Charles Stewart Smith, a lifelong Republican, at one time a member of the Citizens' Union, a Rapid Transit Commissioner and a for-mer president of the Chamber of Commerce, referring to the statement made a few days ago by John Brooks Leavitt, a Citizens' Union leader, that Mr. McClellan ought to be renominated by acciamation,

said:
"I agree with Mr. Leavitt. I am heartily
in favor of the renomination of Mayor
McClellan. He has given the city a good McClellan. He has given the city a good administration; he is a business man and he believes that the affairs of the city government should be carried on in a business-like way. I am a Republican, but in local affairs I am willing to sacrifice partizanship. I favor the renomination of Mr. McClellan because he has made a good Mayor. He is one of the best Mayors we have ever had. I never saw one more industrious. He gives more time and attention to the work of the Rapid Transit Commission than his of the Rapid Transit Commission than his predecessors and he attends to the work of every other department in the same way." Randolph Guggenheimer, who is high in the councils of Tammany, said yester-

day:
"I regard the renomination and reelection
of Mayor McClellan as assured. Now
that I am out of politics, am not and shall
not be a candidate for the nomination for
any local office. I feel free to express my personal views and to make public a synop-sis of the expressions of opinion that I hear every day from financiers, professional and business men. The expressions of opinion that I hear from all sources are all to the effect that McClellan has made one of the best Mayors that New York ever had. He best Mayors that New York ever had. He has been honest, frank and fearless. He faced a difficult and trying situation, and his most bitter and persistent political enemies are unable to point out a single instance in which he has made a serious mistake. He has made many loyal and devoted friends He has made many loyal and devoted friends among men who opposed his election two years ago. Mayor McClellan has given to the city of New York e clean, wholesome and progressive administration. The people have confidence in him and will insist on his renomination and reelection. I know that the financial and business interests of the city and the best citizens, without regard to politics, favor another term for Mayor McClellan."

A CLEAN SWEEP IN BROOKLYN Republican Managers Take a Rosy View of the Political Outlock.

Although nothing definite will be decided ticket in Brooklyn until the return of former Lieutenant-Governor Timothy L. Woodruff, the leader of the Kings county organization, from Europe early in the fall, there
seems to be a general understanding among
the managers in favor of the nomination
of clean cut party men for the various
offices.

Former Park Commissioner Richard

offices.
Former Park Commissioner Richard Young and Frederick E. Gunnison, president of the Union League Club, will each have strong backing for the Borough Presidency, but when the campaign comes around there will probably be several othe candidates for this office. Practical Republican statesmen like Col. Michael J. Dady are looking for a Republican sweep this year in the borough owing to the rumpus in the Democratic organization over the municipal ownership question and the continued hostility to the leadership of Senator McCarren. of Senator McCarren.

TO OVERHAUL THE NEW YORK. \$1,000,000 Worth of Repairs Are Recom-

mended for the Cruiser Now in Boston. Boston, May 13 .- Repairs to cost about \$1,000,000 which will require more than a st.000,000 which will require more than a year to complete are recommended for the armored cruiser New York, which is tied up out of commission at the Charlestown navy yard. The estimates are now completed and probably will be forwarded to the Navy Department at Washington on Monday. They were made by an official board of survey appointed by Rear Admiral Albert S. Snow, commandant of the yard.

The job will be the largest ever undertaken at the local yard, and the overhaul-ing will be one of the most expensive ever ing will be one of the most expensive ever given to any American warship. The largest previous job here was that on Dewey's flagship Olympia, which cost about \$550,000. If the estimates are immediately approved by the Washington authorities work probably will begin about July 1.

FEUD CAUSES ANOTHER MURDER. Discussion of the Killing of Calhoun Results Fatally-Assailant Caught.

Houston, Tex., May 13.-A discussion of the merits of the killing of Ed Calhoun, of the merits of the killing of Ed Canoun, a retired banker, by W. T. Eldridge last Tuesday morning, resulted in Gus Rundell, an advocate of Calhoun, being killed today by a supporter of the Eldridge faction. Rundell was using heated words in a discussion of the tragedy. He said that Eldridge should be burned at the stake for his crime.

G. W. Flocck, a follower of Eldridge, overheard the remarks and contradicted them. He used equal vehemence in speak-

overheard the remarks and contradicted them. He used equal vehemence in speaking of Calhoun, and the two men clinched. Floeck used a large knife, which he plunged into the abdomen of Rundell and then fled, but was captured and is held. Rundell was taken to St. Joseph's Infirmary, where he is in a dying condition.

No Appendicitis For those who use

Grape=Nuts

the pre-digested food

There's a reason.

and the second s

REPUBLICANS WATCH FOR NAMES OF GAS COMMISSIONERS

And New Rallroad Commissioners Mr. Odell's Remark About Owning Mr. Higgins Carried to the Governor-Contral of Two Commissions Is at Stake.

Gov. Higgins is now at his home in Olean and is to be in Albany on Tuesday when he is to take up, among other important matters, the selections of the three members of the State Gas Commission and the two additional railroad commissioners.

Only those familiar with organization politics can adequately estimate the potentialities of the State Gas Commission, or of the new State Lair ad Commission which is to have five instead of three members.

Gov. Higgins has been charged in Republican organization State circles since he took office on Jan. 1, with having favored the Odell faction in the party. His in-difference to the Platt and Black wings, his reappointment of Odell's man, Robert J. Hill of Newburgh to be Superintendent of Public Buildings at Albany, his reappointment of Odell's man, Frederick D. Kilburn of Malone to be Superintendent of Banks. his partiality for the Odell triumvirate of Legislators, Senator Raines, Senator Malby and Speaker Nixon, and many other matters. have led many Republicans to accept the statement concerning Gov. Higgins which Mr. Odell made to influential Republicans several days before he sailed for Italy on

"Higgins? Frank Higgins?" queried Mr. Odell on that occasion, "why, I own Higgins, body, boots and breeches. Have no fear about Higgins where I'm concerned."

Is Gov. Higgins aware that Mr. Odell made that remark? Certainly. As a matter of fact Gov. Higgins wasn't kept long in ignorance of it. There are always enough gentle souls in machine politics to see to it that observations of this kind are not lost. Important Republicans objected to the reappointment of Mr. Hill and more objected to the reappointment of Mr. Kilburn chiefly because Mr. Kilburn had held the place since Jan. 8,1896, and is now to hold the office for another term of three years, making twelve years in all

Gov. Higgins before he left Albany for Cambridge Springs after the Legislature adjourned had long talks in the Executive Mansion with a number of Republicans, most of whom have been friendly to him and who desire to be, but who deprecate for the future of the party the Odell influence. It is because of these talks in the Executive Mansion at Alban that many Republicans are now on the watch for the Governor's appointments an the State gas and railroad commissions.

Gov. Higgins, it was said yesterday, hasn't the remotest notion yet whom he will select for these very important places. It has been said that of the three State Gas Commissioners Senator Platt is to name one, Odell one and Frank S. Black one, and that the two additional Railroad Commissioners are to be George W. Aldridge, Republican leader of Monroe county, and James E. March, Republican leader of the Sixth Assembly district. New York city.

With Platt and Black working together politically, the appointment of a Platt man and a Black man to the State Gas Commission would result in an anti-Odell domination of the commission. The State Railroad Commission at present is composed of George W. Dunn of Binghamton, Frank M. Baker of Owego and Joseph M. Dickey of Newburgh. Dunn and Baker are Platt men out and out. Capt. Dickey, as a Republican Assemblyman in May and June, 1881, did valiant work for Senator Platt when Platt and Conkling resigned their reats in the United States Senate and sought reelection at Albany as a vindication of their opposition to President Garfield. Capt, Dickey stood by Senator Platt in that memorable fight as valiantly as he stood by the colors in the Wilderness and at Gettysburg. But Platt and Dickey in later years drifted apart and the breach has never been quite closed. Odell made Capt. Dickey a Railroad Commissioner after much delay, and yet for a year or more there have been reports that Dickey and Odell haven't got along very well. So that at the moment probably only Capt. Dickey himself could tell (and he won't) where he stands politically, Mr. Aldridge has been more friendly to Odell of late years, but for that matter his ambition has been concentrated on obtaining a Railroad Commissionership and he hasn't seemed to care from whom it came, Platt, Odell or Higgins, so long as he got it; the appointment, of course, would determine his factional loyalty. March has been a boastful Odell man. He is the labor employment man for the Erie Railroad, which by some is looked upon as a financial asset of Edward H. Harriman, Odell's financial backer in past years.

Chairman Odell's adherents in the party say with refreshing candor that he will not make a fight to be reelected State Chairman in September, 1908. With the Platt-Black combination for offensive and defensive operations intact there is no possibility that Mr. Odell could win in such a contest without the aid of Gov. Higgins. Gov. Higgins's friends said yesterday that political self-preservation will prevent him from interfering with the decree of the Platt-Black people that Mr. Odell shall not be reelected State Chairman. Not that organization leaders would not be loyal all of them to their Republican State ticket, but that the election last fall demonstrated the danger to the party in the State under Odell domination. Republicans who have trained with Odell within the last year or two admit that they cannot control the crew if Mr. Odell is to remain at the helm. The situation has been presented to Gov.

Higgins in its entirety and now all sorts and conditions of Republican leaders in the State await with interest Gov. Higgins's appointments on the State Gas and Railroad Commissions.

FOR A HARBOR OF REFUGE.

Hearing to Be Held on Plan for Works Near Cape May.

CAPE MAY, N. J., May 13 .- Major C. A. Flagler, chief of the Bureau of Surveys at Wilmington, Del., has arranged to have a public hearing at Cape May on Thursday. May 25, upon the question of the building of the harbor of refuge as authorized by the River and Harbor bill of the last Congress. In company with H. Sieberg and George W. T. Miller of his office, he will

conduct the hearing. The plan as proposed and as memorialized to Congress by the New Jersey Legislature, the Mayor and Council of Cape May and the Maritime Exchange of Philadelphia and the Vessel Owners' Association and the New York Yacht Club is to have a 500 acre barbor here inside of Cold Spring Inlet. The matter gained the approval of Chair-man Burton of the Congress Committee.

Girls in Sulcide Agreement.

Joplan, Mo., May 13.-Lucile Scott and Pearl Burr, aged 16 and 18 respectively, agreed to commit suicide together at noon to-day while confined in the city jail. The Scott girl is dead and the Burr girl cannot live. Both took strychnin. They were arrested last night for bad conduct.

Shopping on Extravagance A Sale of Dress Goods

Never in the regular way of business could such extraordinary offerings be made. The fact is that we have secured upon most unusual terms the entire surplus stock of a large importer; we have also closed out at remarkable price cuts several large lots from domestic manufacturers. New, choice goods all of them-and we shall offer them on Monday and Tuesday

at fully 331/3% Prevailing Prices.

double width, choice colorings; 29c vilue 50c. yd.

40 PIECES WORSTED CHECK SUITINGS, 10 PIECES WORSTED CHECK SUITINGS, 10 PIECES WORSTED CHECK SUITINGS, 10 PIECES ALL WOOL FRENCH VEIL-INGS, 12 in. wide, all shades, also black and cream; value 89c. yd.

54 in. wide, all wool, richt, 15 ished; value 75c. yd.

10 PIECES ALL WOOL FRENCH VEIL-INGS, 16 in. wide, all shades, also black and cream; value 89c. yd. 25 PIECES BLACK FRENCH VOILE,
44 in. wide, all wool, superior quality; value 980. yd.

85 PIECES FRENCH BROADCLOTH, 50 PIECES COLORED BRILLIANTINE,

42 inches wide, navy, royal, brown and green; value 590. yd. 39c 50 PIECES ALL WOOL CHALLIES, superb quality, rich colorings; value 59c. 39c yd 25 PIECES STORM SERGE, 40 inches wide.

all wool in black and navy; value 44c 75c White Habutai Silk, 49c 3,000 YARDS WHITE WASH HABUTAI, one yard wide, hand woven, excellent quality, very desirable for confirmation dresses; value 75c. yd., Monday..... 49c

\$30.00 Silk Suits, \$14.95.

This Sale comprises the balance of this season's stock from a prominent manufacturer, which we were fortunate enough to secure AT 50 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR. Our purchase consists of about 50 LADIES' FINE TAILOR MADE SILK SUITS, of superior quality taffeta, all the newest colors and black, long coat, Redingote and blouse styles; every one this season's choicest model; well worth \$30.00, on Monday 14.95 and Tuesday

15c Colored Wash Goods, 8c

Fine White Goods Monday and Tuesday.

CHECKED NAINSOOK, 27 in. 6½c ENGLISH NAINSOOK, glove 11½c wide; usually sold for 10c. yd. ... 6½c wide; usually sold for 100. yd... U2C finish, 32 in. wide; reg. 200..... 112C INDIA LINEN, fine and sheer, 81C IMPORTED MADRAS SUITINGS, fine 32 in. wide, reg. 15c. yd...

VOVELTY WAISTINGS, richly mercerized, plain and fancy grounds, with novelty stripes and figures, dots, &c.; imported to retail at 50c. yd...

24c | MADRAS SOTTINGS, fine and sheer, 32 in. wide, in small woven effects; worth 30c. yd...

16c | MADRAS SOTTINGS, fine and sheer, 32 in. wide, in small woven effects; worth 30c. yd...

16c | MADRAS SOTTINGS, fine and sheer, 32 in. wide, in small local fine woven effects; worth 30c. yd...

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16c | Madras Sotting fine woven effects; worth 30c. yd...

Big Specials for

\$1.00 Shirt Waist Patterns, 49c.

Monday A Linen Clearance Sale. ver bleached, hemmed ready for use.

PURE GERMAN LINEN CLOTHS, sil- | SCOTCH AND IRISH TABLE DAMASKS, full bleached, pure linen; 68 inches wide; floral or spot designs, regula: 590

Millinery---Far Below Cost.

FINE TRIMMED MILLINERY-An excellent and timely opportunity to obtain choice, exclusive and high class hats at far below cost-all our imported models and the creations of our own artists are included in this great Clearing Sale.

Were 7.50 5.00 | Were 10.50 7.50 | Were 15.10.00 | Were 20.15.00 to \$25... 15.00

125th Street West, Between Lenox and Seventh Avenues.

A DIPLOMATIC NOTE TO AUSTRIA MAY BE THE RESULT.

Our Special Immigration Inspector Not Only Arrested and Fined for Objecting to a Detective Tampering With His Mail, but Was Subjected to Insult.

WASHINGTON, May 13 .- The State Department is waiting for a mail report from Marcus Braun, Special Immigration Inspector for the Department of Commerce and Labor, who was arrested at Budapest and fined for threatening a detective he caught tampering with his mail. The Department has received no further informaion than a cable from Bellamy Storer, United States Ambassador to Austria-Hungary, reporting the incident and asking

for instructions. Not only has Mr. Braun been arrested and fined for his action toward the police officer who inspected his mail, but, since his arrival in Austria-Hungary he has been shadowed from place to place by Government agents and been subjected to insult on several occasons. Mr. Braun has com-municated with the Department of Com-merce and Labor concerning these matters says that obstacles have been placed n his way in carrying out the instructions

of the Department.

President Roosevelt now has before him all of the papers in the case. To-day Secretary Metcalf and Commissioner-General Sargent told him all the facts and submitted to him a report cabled by Mr. Braun. This will be supplemented by the mail report, which, however, was mailed on May 2 prior to Mr. Brauna arcset. of the Department.

7, prior to Mr. Braun's arrest.

1f Mr. Braun has been insulted by the Austrian or Hungarian officials a diplomatic note will probaby be sent to the Imperial Government through Ambassador Storer, calling its attention to what has occurred. The State Department has taken action in the matter and officers of the curred. The State Department has taken no action in the matter, and officers of the Department of Commerce and Labor, it is understood, are somewhat irritated by the attitude of the other Department, which, it is said, has shown no inclination to take cognizance of the Braun incident. It is understood also that the State Department has intimated that Mr. Braun should be recalled.

recalled.

Mr. Braun has been abroad several months collecting information in the various continental countries for the benefit of the Commissioner General of Immigration. He was directed to ascertain to tion. He was directed to ascertain to what extent Austria-Hungary and other Governments assisted their subjects in coming to the United States and the relations to the Fatherland of such subjects after they arrived here. The information is expected to be of great value to the Department of Commerce and Labor, and the officers of that department want some action taken whereby Mr. Braun will be permitted to go on with his work unmolested.

A recent report from Mr. Braun alleges

lested.

A recent report from Mr. Braun alleges that Austria-Rungary is hand and glove with immigration societies, that it encourages its subjects to come here and send the better part of their earnings home, and to return to their native land when they have earned a competence. It is understood that one of the main reasons for Mr. Braun's mission to Austria was the suspicion that the Government there was instrumental in shipping criminals and instrumental in shipping criminals and other undesirable citizens to this country.

Mr. Braun Justified.

Special Coble Despatch to THE SUN.
VIENNA, May 13.—The American Ambassador has exacted complete satisfaction in the matter of Marcus Braun, the American immigration inspector, who was fined by a Budapest court for an alleged assault upon a detective whom he had charged with tampering with his letters. It has been shown that Mr. Braun was unjustly charged by the police.

BRAUN'S ARREST AT BUDAPEST | THIRTEEN CLUB DEFIES FATE. All the Bad Luck Stunts Known Are Introduced at Banquet in Philadelphia.

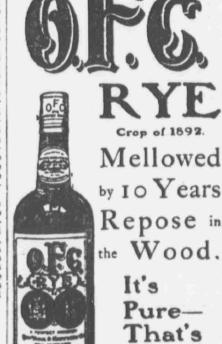
PHILADELPHIA, May 13.-The Thirteen Club of New York held its forty-fourth regular dinner to-night in Bohemia Hall of the Pen and Pencil Club, this city. Leaving New York on a special train, the members reached Philadelphia at 5:13 and a com-mittee of thirteen welcomed them. Bohemia Hall was spread with thirteen tables in the shape of coffin covers and over each hung an open black umbrella, bearing the skull and cross bones and the club motto,

skull and cross bones and the club motto,
"We Salute Thee, Death."
The guests passed under a ladder into
the dining hall, and as they sat down Chief
Ruler M. J. Hangan smashed the mirror
reflecting the features of ill fate. Col.
John F. Hobbs, as chairman of the committee on arrangements, presided, assisted
by Benjamin Franklin. Henry Storr
Richardson, president of the Pen and Pencil
Club, as the guest of honor, responded to
the toast, "Some Superstitions New York
Holds About Philadelphia," and George
Harrison Moadair, ex-member of the New
York Legislature, replied in kind for New
York

TROOPS TO UTE RESERVATION Indians Had Been Making Threats and Settlers New Feel More Secure.

DENVER, May 13.-United States troops are being rushed from several of the Arizona and New Mexico forts to stations in the Uintah Ute reservation. At army the Uintah Ute reservation. At army head quarters it is admitted that cavalry is being sent to the reservation, but it is explained that their presence is needed in order that a thorough patrol of the reservation can be made and "sooners" ejected.

The younger Utes of the White River tribe have been talking lately of what they intended to do in the way of keeping the white men out, but army men describe it as "old talk." Settlers, however, are larged and are glad to know that Regulars alarmed and are glad to know that Regulars are at hand to protect them in case of



SERVED AND SOLD EVERYWHERE. New York & Kentucky Co. Sole Proprietor,

Sure.

New York Branch, 452 Fifth Avenue.

SUMMER APPAREL FOR MISSES and GIRLS.

The present selections of Misses' and Girls' Apparel embrace' an extended range of Fashionable Dresses, Suits and Wraps, Hats, Gloves and Shoes, Undergarments, Fine Hosiery and similar articles of dress.

Especially interesting are a number of Misses' White Gowns, suitable for Commencements and Graduations; Smart Frocks of plain and figured muslin, nets and chiffon taffetas, white and colored linen; Coats of effective fabrics, and Suits of pengee silk and other appropriate materials.

Misses' and Girls' Leghorn and Lingerie Hats are displayed in the most favored effects; also Misses' Mousquetaire Gloves of white silk and suede kidskin, for wear with elbow sleeves, and Parasols in many attractive designs. Imported Undergaments in exclusive styles.

DRESSMAKING and TAILORING DEP'T, (Third Floor.)

In this department a number of Model Gowns of checked silk, rajah and chiffon silk, voile, cheviot and plaid cloth are displayed, exemplifying styles new in vogue abroad, and orders will be taken for reproductions at the following low prices: \$90.00 \$75.00, \$85.00

IN ADDITION. THE REMAINDER OF THIS SEASON'S IMPORTED GOWNS HAVE BEEN MARKED

AT LESS THAN ONE HALF THE ORIGINAL

SUMMER GOWNS for Women.

Outdoor and Dress Costumes are displayed in varied selections of cotton fabrics, and in imported and original models, embodying the most attractive features of the prevailing modes.

On TUESDAY, May 16th,

the following garments will be offered at exceptionally low pricess

Princess Gowns of Mull with lace yokes, in white and delicate color effects, \$25.00 Gowns of Checked Cotton Voile, in combinations of white and the following shades: blue, tan, lavender or green; lace trimmed, \$20.00 Dresses of Embroidered White Handkerchief Linen. Princess Gowns of Cotton Banzai, trimmed with lace and drawn work, champagne color. Bolero Coat Suits of Plain Linen, lace trimmed, in white and light colors, Plaited Skirts of White Poplinette, made from a new model, 5.00 (Department on Second Floor.)

WOMEN'S WHITE WAISTS.

On Monday, May 15th, a Special Sale will be held, consisting of

Hand-made Wais's of White Persian Lawn, trimmed with lace, in exclusive models, \$12.00, 14.00 and 18.00 Waists of White Persian Lawn, trimmed with Valenciennes Lace and Old English Embroidery Motifs, \$7.50

ONE THOUSAND WAISTS OF WHITE BATISTE AND PERSIAN LAWN, LACE TRIMMED,

WOMEN'S HOSIERY.

On Monday, May 15th, the following selections of Women's Summer Hosiery will be placed on sale:

Black Silk Openwork Hose in embroidered styles, usually sold for \$5.00 to \$7.00 per pair, at . . . \$3.50 and \$4.50 Black Silk Embroidered Hose, usually sold for \$3.25 to \$4.00 Tan Lisle Thread Hose, plain and openwork, in embroidered and clocked styles, usually sold for 65c. per pair, at

HOUSEHOLD LINENS.

\$2.50 per half dozen pairs.

Attention is invited to the assortments of Household Linens now offered, embracing the desirable grades of Table and Bed Linens, Towels and Toweling.

Irish Damask Table Cloths, heavy-weight, each, \$2.60, 3.45, 3.85 Dinner Napkins to match, per dozen. \$4.00 Hemstitched Linen Pillow Cases, per pair, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.40 Hemstitched Towels of a superior quality, per dozen, \$6.00, 6.75

Rineteenth Street and Sixth Avenue, New Jurk.

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